

found sewed up in her clothes, and in her room near 120 guineas more were discovered, grown black and tarnished. The above woman is a remarkable instance of avarice and selfishness. She scarce allowed herself the common necessities of life; her dress and the bed she used to lie on were nothing but a parcel of rags, which swarmed with vermin; and her room was so offensive that the persons who attended her funeral were unable to support it.

Yesterday the Earl and Countess of Chatham came to town, and were at Court, where they stayed some time, their Majesties being both present. His Lordship afterwards paid visits to the Duke of Grafton, the Earls of Hertford and Bristol, dined at Earl Temple's house in Pallmall, and in the evening returned to Hayes.

July 15. A letter from Leghorn, dated June 30th, says: "The Count de Vaux, far from being discouraged by the loss he sustained in the two attacks upon Vivario, reinforced his army with 3000 men, and attacked that post a third time. The action was very bloody, but at last the brave Corsicans, being worn out with fatigue, and overpowered by numbers, were obliged to give way and save themselves by flight. It was this victory that determined General Paoli to leave the island."

A letter from Canterbury has the following paragraph: "We have a flying rumour here of a duelling fought in town between a Noble Antiquarian and a Wilkie, which ended in the former throwing a candlestick at the head of the latter, which killed him instantly. The Nobleman attended, and came here on Sunday evening last, disguised like a London trader, with a pair of bags. He was next morning conducted to Margate, from whence he escaped to France. Fielding's people were here after him on Monday morning."

A certain Minister was observing at a great man's table, on Wednesday last, that such is the turbulence of the times, he believed, he should shortly be tempted to resign. Your Lordship, replied a certain Baronet, may be perfectly right, for such may be the Devil drives. Nay, returned the Noble Lord, if the Devil has joined the opposition, it is time, Sir John, for us all to decamp, to leave room for his friends.

Some time since a patriotic publican, at an adjacent village, put up the sign of Mr. Wilkes. Another patriot of the same profession, on the opposite side of the way, determined not to be outstripped by his brother landlord, shortly after exhibited the sign of Mr. Sergeant Glynn; on which a Jewish Gentleman asked the latter publican if he meant to have the two Middlesex members at variance, by putting them in opposition one to the other? No, Sir, returned Boniface, I place Glynn facing Wilkes, as a hint to the learned Sergeant never to lose sight of his friend.

It has been remarked that the chief magistrates of this city has a very arduous task to discharge his duty to general satisfaction, because if he refuses to comply with the request of a body of citizens he is sure to be censured for want of patriotism and spirit; on the other hand, if he does comply, he is charged with being the head of a faction.

It is reported that a Noble Lord declares there is due to him £50,000. and on the other hand, it is said, the Government says he is in arrears £50,000.

Many conjecture that a Noble Earl leans toward the present Administration, from this circumstance, that Mr. Alderman Beckford has not lately held any conference with his Lordship, whereas formerly their system of politics was one and the same.

We are informed that an affair which has lately made some noise in the world is as follows. Sir W. M. Bart. and Captain M. who lost one of his legs in the late war in Germany, went a few miles in the country, not many days since, and returned to town in the evening very cheerful, when they adjourned to a coffeehouse at the west end of the town. Some words arising there, the Captain threw a glass of wine in Sir W. M. Bart.'s face, who on that struck him on the head with a brass candlestick and fractured his skull, of which wound the Captain is since dead, and we hear that Sir W. M. Bart. is retired to France.

We hear that a Gentleman, who has a proper interest in Ireland, has proposed to the India company to raise a battalion of five hundred men, at his own expense, to go to the East India, on condition he shall have the command of them, with the rank and pay of a Colonel.

July 18. Some years ago Alderman Beckford took occasion to mention a paymaster's accounts in a respectful manner, and when that circumstance reached the ears of the then paymaster he took the most effectual way of clearing his own character from all imputations, by sending the Alderman an office copy of his accounts as paymaster; and to this unambiguous voucher it is owing that the Right Hon. payee, in his letter to the Lord Mayor, appeals to Alderman Beckford.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, July 14.

"The day before yesterday his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland arrived here from a cruise. His flag, as Rear Admiral of the Blue, is hoisted on board his Majesty's ship Venus, and his Squadron consists of the following ships, now lying in the sound, viz. the Wood, the Glory, the Seaforth, the Lively, the Hind, the Fly, and the Wolfe. Yesterday his Royal Highness viewed the dockyard, and other public works. This morning he landed at the ordnance office, and proceeded to the citadel, where he was saluted by a discharge of the artillery and the garrison under arms. He was waited on by the Corporation, and the Mayor presented his Royal Highness with the freedom of the borough in a gold box, which he was pleased to receive very graciously. From the citadel his Highness went to the long room, where he gave a public breakfast to upwards of 300 persons, and opened the ball with Lady Edgemoor; he danced until two o'clock, and in the evening went to the play."

On Monday the 10th of July, being the day on which Mr. Douglas of Douglas came of age, there was a numerous meeting at Bothwell castle of the relations and friends of his illustrious family, to congratulate him on the happy occasion, and amongst others his Grace the Duke of Queensberry. There was a very magnificent dinner, with a grand display, during all the time of which a band of music played, and after dinner the following toasts were drunk, viz. The King, Queen, and Royal Family, Antiquated Douglas of Douglas, chief of the name. The Dutchess of Douglas and the Duke of Queensberry, the late worthy guardians, to whom the family of Douglas

owes so much. The family of Douglas, and to its increase. The House of Peers. The glorious 17th of February 1769. The Duke of Newcastle, and the Dutchess of Queensberry. The Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and the Dutchess of Northumberland. Lord Mansfield, and the Dutchess of Buccleugh. The Marquis of Lothian, and Lady Mansfield. Lord Catcart, and the Marchioness of Lothian. Lord Advocate, and Sir Fletcher Norton. Mr. Thurio. May the Douglas and Piercy be ever as firm friends as they were formerly generous foes. The numerous friends of Douglas in all parts of the world. May fools become wise, and knaves become honest. Each of these toasts was accompanied with a discharge of cannon, and the joyful acclamations of a crowd of people from the country round. In the evening several fireworks were played off, and there was a large bonfire on the top of the old castle, which made a fine appearance. The company were then entertained with a ball, which was opened by the Duke of Queensberry and the Dutchess of Douglas, after which there was an elegant supper. The whole was concluded with the greatest propriety; and every one testified a most sincere joy at the happiness and prosperity of the noble house of Douglas.

We hear that the unhappy affair between Sir W. M. Bart. and Captain M. happened as follows. The two Gentlemen, who had lived in the strictest intimacy for a considerable time past, had, a few days before the fatal accident, some words about a certain Lady of character and fortune near St. James's. The matter, however, was soon made up; and they having dined together at a tavern, and drank pretty freely, retired to a coffeehouse not far from the Haymarket, where they bespoke supper, and agreed to drink toasts in half pint bumpers of wine, which they did for some time. But Sir W. being heated, as the phrase is, the Captain declared, in a jocose way, that *those who would not drink their wine were not fit for society*, to which Sir W. replying with some tartness, the Captain said, *if he did not drink he would throw the wine in his face*. Sir W. then returned, *that was more than he durst do*. Upon which the unhappy Gentleman took up the glass and threw the contents of it over the Baronet, who immediately snatched up a large square bottomed candlestick, which stood on the table, and hit his antagonist on the head, who immediately fell down, and after appearing a short time insensible recovered, and seemed in no very dangerous way. The next morning Sir W. called upon his friend, and expressed his sorrow for the accident. The Captain seemed in good spirits, and desirous that the affair might be forgot, but in a short time after grew worse, and in three or four days expired.

Captain John Elphinstone, late of the Royal navy, who distinguished himself at the taking of Quebec and the Havana, is appointed Major General and Rear Admiral in the service of her Imperial Majesty of all the Russias, and is now on his passage to Petersburg.

It is said that a great personage, hearing that a certain chief magistrate had taken umbrage at a late reception at St. James's, has given it in express orders that that Gentleman should be informed that the former coolness with which his visit was attended arose from the great personage's not being previously acquainted with the mode intended to be used, and not from any other slight whatsoever.

They write from Milan that the Emperor had ordered advertisements to be posted up, to give notice that all persons, even the meanest burglar, should have access to his person, and that he would hear their complaints.

It is reported that a certain upright judge, speaking of a certain supposed defendant, wished he could find out some process to make him disgorge his store.

The Common Council of Larrington Without attended the Court of Aldermen, to know why Mr. Wilkes had not yet had any notice sent him respecting the Aldermanship of their ward, but no answer was given.

Yesterday morning a young Gentleman, a German by birth, drank thirteen bottles of Madeira at a publichouse at Islington, and went away entirely sober!

WILLIAMSBURG, Sept. 21.

Extract of a letter to a Gentleman in Virginia, from an eminent merchant in London, who resided many years in this colony, and upon the death of his partner removed with his family, all Virginians, to London, where he has prosecuted a very extensive business, to the mutual satisfaction and advantage of his numerous correspondents and himself. His sentiments are truly American, and he seems to breathe a fervent spirit of genuine freedom.

LONDON, July 23, 1769.

I HAD, as you observe, heard of the dissolution of the Assembly of Virginia, and with I had the honour of having my name recorded in the list to the resolves. I always did, and always shall think those laws of taxation unjust and oppressive; and I highly applaud those who stood up bravely in defence of their country. We now, on this side, make as many proselytes in that cause as Whigs in his, and I hope, at least, to as good purposes; for it is my real opinion the laws will, any must, be repealed at the opening of the next session of Parliament. His Majesty has declared his desire is that his American subjects shall be made easy."

The snow Fortune, Rowatree, from London, bound to Maryland, is going up the bay, in the late hurricane, was obliged to cut away her masts and come to anchor, one of which she lost; and last Tuesday, in weighing, the windlass broke, which made it necessary to cut the cable, and she drove ashore to the northward of New Point Comfort, in Gloucester county, and is entirely lost. There were 39 passengers on board, many of them tradesmen, labourers, &c. who propose following their several occupations in this colony, unless compelled to go to Maryland, to be there sold to pay for their passages.

Arrived in James river, from London, the Matty, Fox, Middleton, Clark, and Nancy Barron. By these vessels we have advice of the arrival of the Lord Camden, Johnston, Haabury, Eften, Industry, Lowes, and Neptune, Cocke.

Captain Fox spoke the following vessels on his passage, viz. The sloop Leisure Hour, Thompson, from New Providence, for London, in latitude 45: 20, August 18. The brig Ranger, Pickle, from South Carolina, for London, in latitude 43: 36, August 13th. The ship

Brilliant, Robertson, from York river, for London, August 16th, in latitude 38: 47, longitude 34: 30 W. who on the 17th, in a hard gale, stove all his water upon deck, and was obliged to cut away his main and mizzen masts.

Captain Lamblev, who sailed from London for Virginia about the middle of June, is not yet arrived, and it is feared is lost.

We hear that Sir HENRY MOORE, Governour of New York, died there the 11th instant, much regretted.

We were misinformed about the new Norfolk packet running ashore on Sewell's point, for she rode out the storm in Nansemond river, and continues to perform her stages.

A great many vessels have put into Norfolk, in distress, since the late storm; and we hear that some are drove ashore without the Capes, and lost.

By some people from Augusta we learn that the gale was hardly felt there, or in the counties adjoining.

We hear that a new vessel from Rappahannock, laden with wheat, was cast away upon the Eastern Shore, and all the crew perished.

The Neptune, Captain Ewing, from Glasgow, is arrived in James river.

There is a report that the town of St. John's, in Antigua, is entirely burnt down.

The following sad accident happened in Johnston county, North Carolina, the latter end of July last. A rattlesnake got into a house where four children were asleep on a pallet, and bit the youngest child, who, screaming out, alarmed the father. He, in attempting to kill the snake, was bit himself, with the other three children, and they all died the next day.

We have received a farther account of the following elections, viz. For AMELIA, Mess. THOMAS TABB and JOHN WINN. For CAROLINE, Mess. EDMUND PENDLETON and WALKER TALIAFERRO. For HENRICO, Mess. RICHARD RANDOLPH and RICHARD ADAMS. For SOUTHAMPTON, Mess. EDWINGRAY and HENRY TAYLOR. For SPOTSYLVANIA, Mess. ROGER DIXON and BENJAMIN GRAYMES. For WESTMORELAND, Mess. ISAAC HENRY LEE and RICHARD LEE.

Advertisements.

THE subscriber intending to leave the colony early in the ensuing spring, gives this timely notice that all persons indebted to Mess. Cochrane, Donald, and Co. may come and settle their accounts with him by the first of January next, his residence in the colony after that time being very uncertain. As the accounts are now long due, he expects every person will give bonds for their respective balances, and security, if required. Some disputes having arisen after Mr. M'Douall left the country, owing to those indebted neglecting to settle with him, it is now expected every person concerned will pay proper regard to this advertisement, as no discounts will afterwards be allowed. The outstanding debts at my departure will be delivered over to Mr. JOHN JOHNSON, who is properly authorized to settle and collect the same.

ALEX. DONALD.

NORFOLK, Sept. 20, 1769.

THE old and well established PACKET (kept up by me for these seven years and) continues, as usual, to go from Norfolk to Williamsburg on Wednesdays and down again on Saturdays. The present boat is a very good one, and I believe there are few, if any, better calculated for the purpose; the extraordinary NEW FRIENDSHIP (alias REVENGE) not excepted. I have always studied to keep my boats in the best order, as well as to provide for them careful, honest, and obliging masters. Goods recommended to my care I have never burdened with any expense for storing them. There have been few or no complaints, and I am happy in thinking that general satisfaction has been given. I am now to return the public thanks for their past favours, and hope to merit a continuance of them.

DANIEL HUTCHINGS.

NORFOLK, Sept. 20, 1769.

WE will give ready money for RAW STEER and COW HIDES; and have CORDAGE, equal to any imported from London, for sale, at 45 s. the hundred weight, ready money, or at 50 s. on six months credit.

JAMES CAMPBELL, & Co.

To be SOLD, on Wednesday the 4th of next month, before the Raleigh tavern,

TWELVE valuable Virginia born SLAVES, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, for ready money, to satisfy several executions.

FREDERICK BRYAN, Sheriff.

IN 1764 an advertisement was published in the LONDON GAZETTE informing that one ARNOTT, born in the shire of Angus, in Scotland, had died in Virginia, leaving a considerable estate in lands, slaves, &c. to his relations in Scotland, in consequence of which advertisement the relations of one DAVID ARNOTT, who left Angus about the year 1715, and had afterwards corresponded with his relations there, and informed them that he was settled in Virginia, made up proper proofs of their connexions with him, and sent them, with a power of attorney, to a Gentleman here, but no such person could be heard of. They now request the favour of any person who may have known, or can give any information of the said DAVID ARNOTT, to communicate the same to JOHN SEMPLE, Attorney at Law in King and Queen, who will reward them genteely for their trouble.

A JOURNEYMAN BARBER, who understands shaving and dressing well, may meet with proper encouragement by making immediate application to the subscriber, in York town.
ALEXANDER MAITLAND.

JUST FINISHED,
THE NOMONY FULLING MILL,
at the head of Nomony river, in Westmoreland county, where all the different branches of FULLING, DRESSING, SHEARING, and DYING, will be executed in the best manner, and at the most reasonable rates. As the subscribers have been at a considerable expense in procuring the materials complete, and a fuller perfectly acquainted with the business, it is expected that those who favour the mill with their custom will, when they send for their cloth, send money to pay for it, the profits of a fulling mill being by no means sufficient to support the expense of keeping accounts and collecting small debts. The particular sums may be known from the fuller, when the cloth is sent to the mill.
JOHN TURBERVILLE.
FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE.

NEWCASTLE, Sept. 4, 1769.

AS I intend to leave this town in the fall, I would sell a great bargain of HOUSES and LOTS in it. The house that I live in has three rooms below, two of them with fireplaces, and two rooms above, with one fireplace, and brick chimneys, a large kitchen, with a brick chimney, and one room above, a dairy joining it, and two other houses; a garden and another lot joining it, both well paved in; another lot on the opposite side of the street, paved in, with a large convenient storehouse, and a third the length of the house, a large stable, with two 8 feet sheds the length of the house, for holding grain, salt, &c. almost new. They would suit a merchant or a doctor. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole, or part, may apply to me. I will make the terms as easy as I can, and give possession in November next.

All persons indebted to me, either by bonds or accounts, are desired to discharge them at or before the next General Court, to enable me to pay my own debts. Whoever fails will expect no longer indulgence from

Their humble servant,

WALTER DOUGLASS.

To the PUBLICK.

AS the late storm has carried away *Hag Island* bridge, I will have a boat kept on the creek until a new one is built, where every man and every horse is to pay half a bit ferrage, and carriages in proportion; but it will be inconvenient for wheel carriages to pass this way until a bridge is built, as in court time I cannot spare a large boat.
H. U. ST. GEORGE.

To be SOLD, and may be entered on at Christmas next,



FIVE hundred and seventy seven acres of LAND, in Brunswick county, lying on one of the branches of the Three Creeks; it is naturally kind for tobacco, wheat, or any other grain, and convenient to church and mills. Also one other tract, lying in Southampton county, on *Notoway* river, about five miles below the courthouse, containing 450 acres; there are good high and low grounds, with plenty of oak and cypress timber, a good fishery, with three or four seine places, and a great plenty of fish may be taken at any season of the year. The said plantations will be sold a great bargain. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, in Southampton.
PETER BUTTS.

HENRY ABOTT, son to the Reverend Mr. John Abott, late Canon of St. Paul's, London, who it is imagined is somewhere in Virginia, if he be alive, or any of his descendents, will bear of something greatly to their advantage by applying to the printers of this paper.

THE subscriber begs leave to offer the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the publick, in order to enable him to discharge debts due to the Treasury, and several judgments to private persons, occasioned by the mismanagement and death of his under sheriffs, from whom he took no security.

Po. Val.		
1750	A tract of good tobacco land in Halifax county, containing 1500 acres, with a good plantation cleared sufficient to work six or eight hands, houses, &c. convenient to church, mill, and courthouse, and about seven miles from Blank's ferry, on Stanton river.	7501
1150	A tract of land on the fourth side of Buckskin creek, in Dinwiddie county, containing 150 acres; to be laid off the tract whereon the subscriber lives.	150
1150	A parcel of the same tract of land, below the Lower Cut Bank road, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts.	150
190	A part of the above tract of land, on the north side of the new road leading to Sappony church, adjoining the land of John Latimore and others, containing about 200 acres.	90
125	A lot in the old town of Petersburg, near Col. Robert Bolling's mill.	25
125	A lot adjoining the above.	25
130	A lot in <i>Rauwyscroft</i> town, which cost 301.	30
120	A lot in <i>Pocahontas</i> town.	20
832	Eight work steers, with their yokes, &c. valued at 4 l. each.	32
3045	Thirty head of cattle, to be valued by judges, at 30 s. each.	45
125	A sorrel chestnut blooded mare and foal.	25
111	A two year old filly, almost full blooded.	11
125	A large bay horse.	25
112	A large sorrel horse.	12

50 Prizes.
400 Blanks.

£. 1380

450 Tickets, at 3 l. each, is 1350 l.

The above lottery to be drawn at *Dinwiddie* courthouse, as soon as the tickets can be disposed of, under the management of *John Banister, Gray Briggs, Bolling Stark, Neil Buchanan, sen. Neil Buchanan, jun. and Duncan Roje*, who are to be upon oath for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them; of whom, and the subscriber, tickets may be had.
JOHN JONES.

AMHERST, Sept. 17, 1769.



RUN AWAY from the subscriber, the 29th of last month, a young likely mulatto fellow named *Julius*, about 17 or 18 years old, and well made; had on when he went off an osenaburg shirt and trousers, and an old light coloured furtout coat. Whoever brings him to Mr. *HeSer M'Alister*, merchant in *Norfolk*, of whom I purchased him, shall have 30 s. reward; or to Mr. *James Buchanan* merchant at *Shoctor*, or to the subscriber in *Amherst*, 3 l.

WILLIAM MITCHELL.

YORK town, Sept. 15, 1769.



RUN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 4th of this month, a mulatto man named *GEORGE*, about 30 years old, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a tailor by trade; had on when he went away a lightish coloured cloth coat, and *Russia* drill waistcoat and breeches. He has a scar on his upper lip, occasioned by a fall, which appears something like a hairlip. I expect he has made for *Carolina*. I will give 50 s. reward if taken in the colony, and 5 l. if out thereof, besides what the law allows, to any who will deliver him to
JOHN GENTER.

TAKEN up, in *Caroline*, two mares, one a dark bay, about 4 feet 4 inches high, paces middling well, and branded on the near buttock QD; posted, and appraised to 30 s. The other a bay mare, about 4 feet 6 inches high, with a black mane and tail, paces naturally, has a cross under her mane, and branded on the near shoulder +; posted, and appraised to 8 l.
THOMAS BURK.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a white horse, about 6 years old, about 4 feet 6 inches high, is a trotter, and branded on the near buttock RI.
JOHN HAYNES.

WANTED,

ONE or two JOURNEYMEN TAILORS, who understand making a suit of clothes after they are cut out. Any such will meet with encouragement by applying to the subscriber.
ANDREW NIMMO.

CABIN POINT, Sept. 9, 1769.

THURSDAY, Dec. 4, 1766.

On a motion made,

Ordered, THAT the Clerks of the several county courts in this colony do transmit to the Clerk of this House, in the first part of every meeting of the General Assembly, a list of the tithables in their counties, containing the names of such tithables; and that they transmit also, at the same time, a list of the publick charges of their respective counties.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do cause the same to be published in the *Virginia Gazette*.

By the House of Burgesses.

GEORGE WYTHE. C. H. B.

WESTOVER, Sept. 13, 1769.

I SHALL be much obliged to the Gentlemen who were so good as to disperse my LOTTERY TICKETS for me if they will immediately send the bonds to Mr. *Bartlet Anderson*, in *Hanover*, who is empowered to collect the money due on them.

W. B Y R D.

Just IMPORTED from LONDON, in the *Experiment*, Capt. *Hamlin*, and to be SOLD at the subscriber's shop in *Williamsburg*.

A LARGE and complete assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, both chymical and galenical, consisting of antimony, alum, aloes of all sorts, ether, horax, quicksilver, camphor, castor, cochineal, best Jesuits bark, ipecacuanha, jallap, sarsaparilla and China roots, essence of lemons and burgamot, manna, calomel, red and white precipitate, calcined mercury, magnesia alba, best Turkey and India rhubarb, spermaceti, oil of turpentine, volatile spirits and salts of all sorts; also cinnamon, cloves, mace, nutmeg, ginger, black pepper, fago, salop, candied figs, prunes, white and brown candies, orange chips, currants, best jar raisins, cap-ns, olives, and anchovies, best Durham flower of mustard, saltpetre, common and Clay's best salid oil, verdigrise, vermilion, Prussian blue, gold and silver leaf, neat smelling bottles with cases, ivory syringes, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, do. for the toothach, tooth brushes, pumice and rotten stone, best lancets, court plaster, Agard's pills, much esteemed for the rheumatism, Blackie's lizivium for the gravel, Br tish rock oil, Bateman's and Stoughton's drops, Godfrey's and Freeman's cordials, Daffy's and Squire's elixirs, essence of waterdock, elixir bardana, Turlington's balsam and balsam of honey, Dr. James's fever powders, Anderson's and Lockyer's pills, Mrs. Rednap's red sit drops, Jesuits drops, &c. &c. &c. The subscriber having had but very few medicines left in his shop before this order came to hand, will now be able to furnish his friends and customers with every thing fresh and genuine. Gentlemen practitioners, and others, may depend on being supplied at a very low advance, by
Their humble servant,
WILLIAM PASTEUR.

To be SOLD, at the late dwelling-house of JOHN GREEN, deceased, in New Kent county, on Friday the 10th of November next,

ALL the estate of the said GREEN, consisting of several likely *Virginia* born Negroes, also the stock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs. The time of payment to be agreed on at the day of sale, the purchasers giving bond and security to
The EXECUTORS.

To be SOLD, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of this colony, on Friday the 20th of October (if fair, otherwise next fair day)

EIGHT hundred acres of good tobacco LAND, lying on *Deep* and *Little* creeks, in *Amelia* county. The terms to be agreed on at the day of sale, by

DAVID GREENHILL,
RICHARD JONES,
DANIEL JONES,
ROBERT MUNFORD,
THOMAS B. MUNFORD, } Trustees.

The sloop Friendship
WALTER GWYN Master,
A NEW VESSEL,



WILL go from *Norfolk* to *WILLIAMSBURG* every Thursday morning, and return on Sunday. Those who incline to make use of this packet may depend on good accommodation, as she was built entirely for the purpose, and has the largest and best cabin of any boat in the colony; the passage to be 5 s. FREIGHT GOODS will be taken in at a storehouse on Major *Orange's* wharf, at any time, free of all charge; and they will be shipped on sailing days, with due care.

POETS CORNER.

On some young Ladies expressing a surprise what pleasure there could be in KISSES.

KISSES, the subject of debate,
What ecstasy they may create!
As the language of the heart,
Lips contribute to impart.
Men may gain the fair's affection,
While with these they have connexion;
Lips reveal'd by gentle touch,
May unravel the passions much,
But with mutual ardour press'd,
Warm affections are confess'd.
Eyes proclaim the heart's compliance,
Lips confirm a true reliance;
Thus together, lips and eyes,
Yield the happy man the prize.
Ladies, disprove me, if you can,
Proclaim the battle, I'm your man.

To be SOLD at Norfolk, on Monday the 25th instant, pursuant to a decree of the Worshipful the Court of Hustings for the borough of Norfolk,



A HOUSE and LOT, the property of Mr. Lewis Hanford, to satisfy a mortgage to the late Col. Robert Tucker for the payment of 500l. with interest from the 24th day of September, 1765. The said lot is pleasantly and conveniently situated, being contiguous to the Town Point company's wharf, where ships of any burthen that can come up this river may lie; there is a good two story brick house thereon, with several other convenient outhouses. The terms will be made known at the day of sale by Mess. John Hutchings, Neil Jamieson, and Matthew Phripp, or any two of them, they being appointed trustees to dispose of the afore mentioned mortgaged premises.

JUST IMPORTED in the Experiment, Capt. Hamlyn, a fresh and complete ASSORTMENT of DRUGS and MEDICINES, chymical and galenical, which will be SOLD at a very low advance for ready money, and are as follows:

CRUDE antimony, ether, verdigrise, Barbados, hepatick, and succotrine alces, common and rock allum, ambergris, compound waters of all kinds, quicksilver, balsams of capivi, Peru, amber, and Tola, Canadian allum, Armenian bole, borax, camolene crude and prepared, camphor, canella alba, cantharides, cloves, Indian pink, greatly celebrated for destroying worms in children, Kussau and Hudson's Bay castors, common and lunar caustick, cinnabar of antimony, native and fictitious cinchubar, potash, cochineal, colcothar, vitriol, colocynth, confectio cardiacæ, confectioes of hips, flos, and ferral roses, worm wood and orange peel, Jesuits bark, orange peel, cinnamon, cascavilla, cremor tartar, English and Spanish saffron, elaterium, plasters and electaries of all kinds, essence of lemons, burghmot and ambergris, single and double camomile flowers, flower of brimstone, balaustrines, semina, galls, grains of paradise, gums of all kinds, pearl-barley, singlet, Irish slate, litbarge, common and flaky manna, sweet mercury, calcined mercury, corrosive sublimate, red precipitate, musk, chymical oils, opium, long pepper, ipseacantha, jallap, gentian, licorice, contrayerva, calamus aromaticus, china and sarsaparilla, best Turkey and India rhubarb, valerian, sage, alkaline, neutral, and volatile salts, fullop, seeds of anise, caraway, coriander, wild carrot, fennel and fennugreek, lesser cardamom, flaxseed, spermaceti, spirits of hartshorn, lavender, sal volatile and sal ammoniac, nitre, mineral acids, dulcified spirits of salt, vitriol, sol ammoniac, Spanish licorice, tartar emetic, vermacelli, white, blue, and green vitriols, extract of hemlock, goss of antimony, meadow, saffron, and mercurous roots, common and Nostritt's chylor pipes, gold and silver leaf, Dutch metal, gallipot and viols, Anderson's, Hooper's, and Locher's pills, Turlington's balsam, Hill's pectoral balsam of honey, Bateman's drops, Squire's, Daffy's, and Bosche's elixirs, Freeman's and Gough's cordials, British oil, eau de luce, Dr. James's fever powders, court plaster, best lavender and Hungary waters, &c.

The subscriber intends opening shop at the brick house opposite the coffeehouse, as soon as he gets his utensils fixed, which will be in a fortnight at furthest; and this being the first importation, every thing may be depended upon as entirely fresh, and bought at one of the best hands in London. Those who will please to favour him with their orders may depend on having them immediately executed, and every thing put up in the best manner, by

Their most obedient humble servant,
JOHN MINSON GALT.

BEDFORD, August 29, 1769.



RUN away from the subscriber, the 24th instant, an indentured servant man named WILLIAM RIDDLE. He is an Aberdeen's man, and talks the brogue peculiar to that part of Scotland, is about 18 years old, slender made, 5 feet 8 inches high, fair complexion, pitted with the small pox, yellow haired, and a little flecked; had on when he went away an under Virginia cloth jacket with copperas coloured stripes, straw hat and long trousers, and a pair of Virginia made shoes with buckles. He stole when he went away a gun about 4 feet long in the barrel, and a little silvered in the flock at the muzzle, also a new pointed linen handkerchief, of two shillings sterling price, with red ground and white spots. It is imagined he will make for Carolina. Whoever conveys the said servant to me, at Bedford courthouse, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, if taken in Virginia, and if in Carolina FOUR POUNDS.

WILLIAM AUSTIN.

CHESTERFIELD, August 28, 1769.

WHITHERAS I understand that AMOS WESTBROOK, in Amelia county, has offered for sale a note of hand for 18l. which I granted him about three years ago, and which I have discharged long since: That nobody may be imposed upon by purchasing said note, I give this publick notice that I will not pay it.

BENJAMIN BEASLEY.

At a court continued and held for Goochland county, August 22, 1769.

IT is considered by the court that a new prison is wanting, and that it be advertised in the Virginia Gazette for workmen to attend at this courthouse at the next October court, to undertake the same, to be built of brick and wood, and that the said workmen appear with their plans or building the same.

A copy.)

Tell VALENTINE WOOD, Cl. Cur.

Essex, August 28, 1769.

INTEND to leave the colony soon.

W. PORTER.

King William, Sept. 4, 1769.

INTEND to leave this colony soon, and to return in a few months.

JAMES THOMSON.

To be SOLD at Fredericksburg October fair next, agreeable to the will of Dekar Thompson, deceased,



PART of a Lot, containing a quarter of an acre of ground, in the town of Falmouth, whereas is a convenient storehouse, a large warehouse, and a stable, all very conveniently situated for carrying on an extensive business, which the late Mr. Thompson did for several years past there. Also a half acre lot in the said town of Falmouth, with a good storehouse, and a large brick kitchen, the latter not quite finished. Mr. Thompson kept store on this last lot several years before he removed to the other. Credit will be allowed to the purchasers until October 10th, 1770, and possession of the lots delivered on the first day of March next, the purchasers giving bond and approved security to

ARTHUR MORSON, } Executors.
EDWARD MOORE, }

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, at the town of Dumfries, in Prince William county, on Thursday the 16th of November next,



THE BRENTON tract of LAND, containing about 7000 acres, in parcels, as will be then thought best for the purposes aforesaid in a deed of trust from Mess. George Brent and Robert Brent to the first three subscribers, and from Mr. George Brent to the other subscribers, the sale being now advertised jointly by all the trustees, who will join in the deed. Those inclinable to purchase may be assured of meeting with no disappointment. Time of payment will be given for part of the money.

WILLIAM BRENT, } Trustees.
DANIEL CARROLL, }
HENRY ROZER, }

HECTOR ROSS, } TRUSTEES for the
JOHN GIBSON, } creditors of Mr.
WILLIAM CARR, } Robert Brent.

TAKEN up, in Fauquier, a red heifer, about 3 years old, marked in the left ear with a half spade; polled, and appraised to 25s.

JEFFERY JOHNSON.

RUN away from the subscriber in Albemarle, a mulatto called *Scotch*, about 35 years of age, his stature rather low, it being to a carpenter, and his complexion light; he is a shoemaker by trade, in which he uses his left hand principally, can do some carpenter's work, and is fond of a horse jockey; he is greatly addicted to drink, and when drunk is insolent and disorderly, in his conversation he swears much, and in his behaviour is artful and knavish. He took with him a white horse, much scarred with traces, of which it is expected he will endeavour to dispose: he also carried his shoemaker's tools, and will probably endeavour to get employment that way. Whoever conveys the said slave to me, in Albemarle, shall have 40s. reward, if taken up within the county, 4l. if elsewhere within the colony, and 20l. if in any other colony, from

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

TAKEN up, in Brunswick, a black horse, about 8 or 9 years old, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, with a roached mane and bob tail, paces slow, has some saddle spots, some white hairs on his rump, a nick in his right ear, and branded on the off buttock resembling 2; polled, and appraised to 6l.

JOHN TWITTY.

TAKEN up, in Dinwiddie, a middle sized white fleabitten horse, about 9 or 10 years old, has a hanging mane and long switch tail, some gray hairs about his legs, had on a bell, branded on the near buttock resembling 2, and on the near shoulder W; polled, and appraised to 4l. 17s. 6d.

THOMAS WESTMORELAND.

TAKEN up, in Brunswick, a bay mare, about 5 feet 7 inches high, about 4 years old, branded on the near buttock B, and on the near shoulder C; polled, and appraised to 6l.

PETER JONES.

TAKEN up, in Cumberland, a gray fleabitten mare, about 13 years old, 4 feet 4 inches high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, paces naturally, and branded on the near shoulder HC; polled, and appraised to 4l. 10s.

HENRY BAGBY, sen.

SHOCKOE, August 26, 1769.

WE have just imported in the *Lord Clive* a neat assortment of FALL GOODS, consisting of broadcloths, duffels, bearskins, Bath coating, with suitable trimmings, Dutch and bed blankets, cottons, kerseys, and hallthicks; which we will sell on reasonable terms, for ready money or short credit.

STORRS & ELLIS.

To be SOLD,



ABOUT seven thousand acres of LAND in Brunswick, within forty miles of Petersburg; also about sixteen hundred acres in the county of Mecklenburg, within sixty miles of Petersburg. There are several plantations on these tracts, and great part of the soil is exceeding good. For terms apply to

R. RUFFIN.

To be SOLD at ROCKY RIDGE, on Thursday the 12th of October, for ready money,

Upwards of forty

Fine SLAVES,
Most of them Virginia born.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.



RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in Louisa county, from James Whaley, overseer, on last Easter Monday, TOBIAS, a Negro man slave, by some called Tom Sayer, of a middle size, well made for strength, about 38 years old, has bad teeth, and many small pimples about his beard; he can read, and play on the fiddle, and had a variety of clothes, but his common working dress was a blue cotton. He managed several years as an overseer for me, under Capt. Robert Doremman, at a plantation of mine on Moratties creek, in Richmond county, where he always lived until lately. He is a dissembling artful fellow, and generally smiles when he speaks. I suspect he is lurking about a plantation belonging to Charles Carter, Esq. in Hanover county, at or near South Wales, where he has a wife named Sarah, and perhaps at times about his old haunts at Moratties. Whoever will deliver him to me, in Prince William county, shall have the above reward; or if they will secure him in any of his Majesty's garrisons, so that I may get him again, 3l. and if he is taken out of the colony, and brought home to me, 20l. paid by

HENRY LEE.

ALL Persons may be supplied with this PAPER at 12s. 6d. a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inserted in it for 3s. the first Week, and 2s. each Week after. — All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition.

SUPPLEMENT To PURDIE And DIXON'S Virginia Gazette. With the latest Advices Foreign & Domestick.



SEPTEMBER 21, 1769.

LONDON, July 18.

We have authority to give to the publick the following authentic copy of a letter received yesterday by a Liveryman of London.

Dear Sir, Fonthill, July 15, 1769.

I AM as much surpris'd as you seem to be at seeing my name, and papers in my possession, appealed to by a Noble Lord. You, and my friend in the city, think it incumbent on me to vindicate (as they are pleas'd to express themselves) my honour and character, which is call'd in question. The only proper satisfaction in my power to give you, and my other friends, is to relate plain matters of fact, to the best of my recollection. In the last session of Parliament, on a question of revenue (as far as my memory serves) I did declare to the House that the publick revenue had been squander'd away, and that the money of the nation had not been regularly audited and accounted for; that in the department of the Pay Office I had been inform'd there were upwards of forty millions not properly accounted for; that the officers of the King's Exchequer were bound in duty to see justice done to the publick; that process had issued out of the Court of Exchequer, and that all proceedings for a certain time had been suspended by the King's sign manual. I then did declare that it was a high offence for any Minister to advise the King to stop the course of publick justice, without assigning a very good reason for such his advice. I desired the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and the Lords of the Treasury, who sat opposite to me, to set me right if my information was not well founded; but not a single word was utter'd in answer, by any of the Gentlemen in Administration. After some days had elapsed I met my friend Mr. Woodhouse in Westminster Hall, who told me I had been misinform'd as to what I had mentioned in the House of Commons, and that if I would give him leave he would send me a paper from a Noble Lord which would convince me of my mistake. The paper alluded to is in London; I therefore cannot speak of the contents with accuracy and precision, but this I recollect that the perusal of the papers did NOT convince me that all I had heard was false. It was a private paper, and I do not recollect having shew'd it to more than a single person. I have no doubt Mr. Woodhouse has a copy of the paper by him, and hope he will submit the contents to the judgment of the publick, in vindication of an innocent man.

I am, dear Sir,
Your ever faithful and affectionate
Humble servant,
WILLIAM BECKFORD.

A few days since a young Nobleman, who is lately returned from his travels, assist'd an old politician at the Smyrna coffeehouse, pray why do these politicians and Bill of Rights men make such a fuss about *approbation*? Because, replied the old Gentleman, they have no real grievances to complain of.

JULY 18. On Wednesday last Walter Paterson, Esq; had the honour to kiss his Majesty's hand, on being appointed Governor in chief of the island of St. John's, in the gulf of St. Lawrence, which from the fertility of its soil, and its advantageous situation for carrying on a very extensive fishing trade, is likely very soon to become a most valuable and flourishing colony.

Yesterday the running footman of the Earl of March undertook, for a considerable wager, to run from Rochester bridge to Westminster bridge, which is thirty miles. He was allow'd three hours and a quarter to perform it in, but he ran it in two hours and a half, which is at the rate of 11 miles an hour, and reckoned a most extraordinary performance. The above running footman is a Swift, about five feet ten inches high, and thirty years of age.

A letter from Florence, dated June 16th, says: "Yesterday evening General Paoli arriv'd here from Leghorn, and was presented to the Count de Rosenberg, Prime Minister of the Grand Duke, by Mr. Mann, the British Ambassador at this Court. The talents of this Corsican chief are highly praised at Leghorn, who, notwithstanding the loss of his country, shews an uncommon equanimity; and the persons who have conversed with him, during his short stay, acknowledge his understanding to be sublime, his manners easy, and his eloquence surprising."

The favourable resolutions, said to be now adopted with regard to the colonies, are wholly attributed to the advice of a Noble Lord, the utility of which is said to be acknowledged by his brother in law, who formerly was of a very different opinion.

It is reported that the Earl of Chatham will soon be created Duke of Kent.

By the last letters from Naples it appears that a report prevail'd there that a revolution had happen'd in England.

This morning the Reverend Mr. Whitefield set out for Tunbridge Wells, in order to preach at the chapel just finish'd by the Countess of Huntingdon, and which is to be open'd next Sunday.

A few days ago a young Gentleman under age, entitled to a very large fortune, was furnish'd by an usurer with 1500l. and before the week was out he lost every shilling of it at a gaming table.

We hear that a prosecution is commenced against a learned divine for exercising the trade and function of a barber in the neighbourhood of Windsor, not having served an apprenticeship agreeable to the statutes made and provided; but it is thought the prosecutor will be non-suited, as the Doctor pleads he is not a barber, but a hair cutter.

On Saturday last a fisherman catch'd a fine Surgeon, upwards of six feet in length, in the Thames, opposite Richmond Lodge, which was carry'd to the Lord Mayor, who presented it to his Majesty.

Yesterday Mrs. Owen, wife of Mr. Owen, sergeant in the 2d regiment of Foot Guards, was committed to the Gatehouse, for wounding her husband with a poker on the head, in a quarrel on Tuesday evening, so dangerously, that he has remain'd speechless ever since.

JULY 21. Yesterday, about twelve o'clock, died at his house in Bolton Row, after a very short illness, the Reverend Sir Richard Wrottesley, Bart. one of his Majesty's chaplains in ordinary, Dean of Worcester, father of her Grace the Duchess of Grafton, brother in law to Earl Gower, and brother in law to her Grace the Duchess of Bedford.

Wednesday morning Benjamin Lane, a brickmaker, having detect'd his wife in some indecent familiarities with a master shoemaker, at their lodgings in Cow Cross, he stabbed the man mortally in the breast with a knife, and afterwards escap'd.

On Tuesday a young Gentleman, aged 19, was committed to New Prison, Chancery Lane, for forging an inland bill of exchange of 75 l. with intent to defraud. This unfortunate youth, when of age, is entitled to an estate of 700 l. a year.

We hear that a learned divine preach'd an excellent discourse on Sunday afternoon, at the west end of the town, from Rev. chap. 26th, latter part of verse 18th. "Wo to the inhabitants of the earth, and of the sea; for the Devil is come down unto you, having great wrath, because he knoweth he hath but a short time."

A great personage express'd himself the other day to this effect, that every thing relative to the colonies would be settled to their satisfaction.

It is positively said that a great personage, willing to take every step for the good of the people, is determin'd to lay the several petitions that have been presented to him before a certain Honourable House, on their first opening. This step he looks upon to be the most constitutional, as well as the most effectual, in the present critical situation of affairs, to collect the candid opinions of the people. Sensible, however, that this depends on their being totally unbiass'd, he has strictly forbidden any doctetting, menaces, or intimations whatever, so that from their resolutions on this subject he will be able to determine whether these grievances really exist or not.

Pascal Paoli is actually embark'd on board an English vessel trading to Leghorn, and is daily expected in London. We could wish he may not be disappointed on his arrival at Mrs. M. M. M. who has given him the most cordial invitation to her house, and that he may not find, by fatal experience, that major's *longing reverentia*.

JULY 25. A grand entertainment is preparing to be given to the Nobility and Gentry, by the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute (who arriv'd in town last Friday evening) at his Lordship's house in South Audley Street.

It is whisper'd that some people in power are terribly chagrined at the sudden return of a noble Lord.

The return of a certain unpopular Nobleman is said to have occasion'd a great number of express's to be sent to the country towns of the Nobility, &c. requiring their attendance, on affairs of importance.

A survey is order'd to be made of all his Majesty's forts in the north of Scotland.

The Right Hon. Lord Clive has purchased the fine country seat of his Grace the late Duke of Newcastle at Claremont in Surrey, together with the fine demesne belonging thereto, for his Lordship's future country residence.

We hear the Earl of Bute, during his stay upon the continent, collect'd a great number of valuable medals and manuscripts, which he intends to present to one of the universities.

On Tuesday last, after the citizens of Bristol had agreed to draw up a petition, it was, among other things, unanimously resolv'd, "that Lord Clare, one of their present representatives, by disregarding the instructions of his con-

stituents, and insulting them in his letter to the Chairman of our last meeting, has forfeited every claim to our future confidence and esteem, and justly incur'd our publick contempt."

JULY 26. We hear that the arrival of an unpopular Nobleman at this crisis will prove of signal advantage, as report says that, through his means, measures of a conciliating nature are now upon the tapis; and that those acquainted with the intended revolution in the Administration of affairs have great reason to believe, from the judgment of the supposed new officers, a plan of proceedings will be adopted which will at once support the dignity of the Crown without stretching the prerogative to the disgust of the subject: A maxim which, if invariably persued, would, by cementing the union between King and people, render us a happy and formidable nation.

It is rumour'd that Lord Botetourt, Governor of Virginia, is order'd to return home, and a commission is made out for the Lieutenant Governor to superintend the affairs of the colony during his absence.

Last week two master ship builders were engag'd, on great encouragement, to embark for Petersburg, to serve in the Royal dockyards there.

The Rev. Mr. WHITFIELD will embark in a few weeks for Savannah in Georgia, on a visit to his orphan establishment in that province, which is said to be in a very flourishing condition.

Sunday last the Earl of Bute was with their Majesties, and the Princess Dowager, most part of the day, at Richmond and Kew.

When Lord Bute arriv'd in Holland he wrote to his family, acquainting them that he would embark from thence, after staying a few days there, for Scotland, and desired Lord Mountstuart to meet him at his seat in the Isle of Bute; but three successive messengers reaching him before he got on board he sail'd immediately for England, and arriv'd at his house on Saturday, in a post chaise and four, attended only by two servants.

On Saturday Sir George Macartney, member for Cocker-mouth, and son in law of the Earl of Bute, arriv'd at his house in Charles Street, Berkeley Square, from Bedfordshire.

Monday a Nobleman who laid a wager of 2000 guineas that Lord Bute would not come to England before the year 1770 paid the money to his antagonist.

Lord N. declar'd to Mr. C. the other day, that Mr. L. should vacate his seat in a short time, by accepting a place of profit, and that the freedom of election should be restored.

The Captain of the ship that is to carry over the commissioners to India has been offer'd 20,000 l. for the profits of his voyage.

A letter from Hamburg mentions that some politicians there conjecture that the French are preparing to strike a master blow on the continent, which will astonish all Europe.

Monday night, about 12 o'clock, died of a consumption, at Pitt's buildings, in Kensington, the Lady of Sir Watkins William Wynne, Baronet, she was about 29 years of age, sister to his Grace the Duke of Beaufort, and had been married about two months.

The impostor of Southwark, who pretended to have sold himself to the Devil, and is now in the New Jail, has not amass'd less, within these three weeks, than 20 l. from the credulous. He sent yesterday for Dr. Bradbury, but he declined giving him attendance.

The footpads who robbed Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, and Miss Godling, on Wednesday last, on taking their leave, bid them not be afraid if they should meet with any more of their gang; and on being ask'd for their past word, replied, *Wit, and Liberty*.

JULY 28. The following toasts are drank in all polite companies, viz. The unkenning the fox. May all false sportsmen come in at his death.

On Wednesday morning, very early, the Earl of Bute came from his seat at Luton Hoo in Bedfordshire, and went directly to his Majesty at Richmond; and towards noon, it is said, he again wait'd on the King at Buckingham House.

Yesterday there was a grand Court and Drawing Room at St. James's, at which their Majesties were present; the great Officers of State, several of the Nobility, and most of the Foreign Ministers attend'd. Their Majesties afterwards dined at the Queen's palace, and in the evening returned to Richmond.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Bute was at the Court and Drawing Room yesterday; and the Hon. James Stuart, Esq; second son to his Lordship, was present to her Majesty, and most graciously received.

It is said the Right Hon. Lord Chatham hath declined the offer of a Dukedom.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, had a grand levee at his house in Berkeley square.

Yesterday an express was sent off from the Secretary of State's office for his Excellency General Gage, commander in chief of the British land forces in North America.

Orders are given for one of his Majesty's yachts at Greenwich to be in readiness to sail in a few days for Helvoetsloot, to wait the arrival of the Prince and Princess of Brunswick, their Royal and Serene Highnesses being to embark at that port for Harwich.

We hear General Paoli will soon be complimented with a large appointment, for life, on the British establishment.

Yesterday a foreigner of distinction, appearing upon the Royal Exchange, occasioned a rumour that he was General Paoli; and a crowd soon gathered round him, in which the pickpockets were not idle.

They write from Brazil that five regiments of infantry are preparing to embark there, on board some French men of war of the line and transports, for St. Domingo.

By a letter from Dublin we learn that very large commissions are now executing there for Irish provisions to supply the French troops in Corsica.

A letter from Sheerness mentions that one of his Majesty's cruising cutters had, in the course of nine days, seized three thousand gallons of spirits, several tons of claret, and other contraband goods, on board the Dutch sloop in Brassa Sound.

A few days ago a capital trading house, concerned chiefly in supplying the English smugglers, stopped payment at Cherbourg, occasioned by their late heavy losses, and the bankruptcies of their correspondents here.

Yesterday several foreigners of distinction went to view the new buildings erecting in Durham yard, the design of which is much approved by all true judges of architecture.

The fire in Marybone street, St. James's, broke out at Mr. Roth's, whip maker to the Duke of Cumberland, and entirely consumed the same, likewise Mr. Munday's, shoemaker, Mr. Frith's Manchester warehouse, Mr. Warren's, a perfumer, Mr. Taskwait's, cabinet maker, with his work shop, and a large stock of timber, Mr. Lyne's, confectioner, besides damaging a number of houses on each side, and three which lay backwards, with a quantity of goods. In Sherrard street it has destroyed Rusell's coffeehouse, Mr. Schouler's, a silk dier, Mr. Hole's, a tailor, and greatly damaged four others. It was occasioned by melting of some rosin for whip handles. No lives are lost, as we can learn. A party of the Guards attended, to keep off the populace.

On Wednesday night a French Gentleman of St. Anne's, Soho, had his pocket picked of a gold watch, as he was viewing the above fire.

The same night a fellow was intrusted by one of the unfortunate sufferers with a bag full of goods, to convey them to a place of safety, with which he made off, and hath not since been heard of.

We can assure our readers, upon the best grounds, that all reports of the Earl of Chatham having declared, in a certain high place, that he approves, and will support, the measures of the present Administration, are totally destitute of truth, and propagated in order to mislead the publick, by an artifice equally mean and unavailing, nothing being more certain than that the above Noble Earl has the justest sense of the fatal mischief in which the errors of Administration have involved both King and people; and that this Noble Peer truly reverences and loves the whole frame of our wise constitution, whose of the transcendent and sacred right to free and independent elections is the only sure basis.

It is said by some that a certain Nobleman, who is lately gone to his country seat on the sea shore, intends to bathe frequently, in order to strengthen his habit, and overcome, if possible, the disease which has lately attacked him so violently, and which some medical Gentlemen term the *pleuritis*, or *travelling fever*.

A late consubstantial match has greatly contributed to reconcile some parts of the Ministry, which were before at variance; but still much altercation subsists, on account of the disposal of some new members to be admitted among them.

It is said that Prince Ferdinand is expected in England before the end of the summer.

A letter from the army in Corsica, dated June 21st, says: Some fanatics here still believe that Paoli hath only quitted the country in order to return hither with the means of restoring its much wished for liberty to it. About 400 of our deserters, who are desirous of following the fortune of that chief to the last, embarked with him.

It is said that if the lenient measures intended to be taken at present shall not have the desired effect, in composing all differences with the Americans, and quieting the turbulent spirit that seems to prevail there, that an additional number of frigates and land forces will be sent there early in the spring, to reduce them to proper conformity by coercive means.

The patriotic toast of the day is, "No end to petitions until we obtain redress!"

Beds at Stratford upon Avon are let at one guinea a night during the time of the jubilee, and several young Gentlemen have entered into an agreement among themselves to take down each a tent bed, and form a little camp in the fields. We are told there will be a fuller and a finer band of music than ever was known on any other occasion, and that at the dinner the principal dish in the first course will be a whole bu k roasted.

Last Saturday evening a hackney coachman in Fleet street observing a boy getting up behind his coach, he set his horses off on full gallop, and then cut the boy with his whip, so that he fell down, dashed his head against a stone, and laid his forehead quite open.

The parish clerk of a town in Shropshire, whose wife lately died on a Saturday, happened the next day to set the first slaves of the palm beginning *It is a joyful day indeed!* which caused such a laughter in the congregation that it put the poor man out of countenance, who made an apology for his mistake, by saying, "Indeed my wife was a very good woman, and I wish she was alive again."

The following anecdote, the truth of which may be depended on, will show in what manner the inhabitants of the metropolis of Dublin look upon some proceedings on this side the water. The latter end of this spring the tragedy of Coriolanus being performed at Crow street,

when Mr. Sparks, who played the first Citizen, came to the following speech, *You all know, my friends, that Caius Martius is the chief enemy of the people*, he was interrupted by a Gentleman, who started up in the pit, and cried, with a loud voice, *Not Not Lattrell!* which had such an effect that the play was stopped for some time, and the whole audience expressed their satisfaction by repeated plaudits and three huzzas.

Various advices from Rome concurring in the mention of the Chevalier's giving shrewd indications of reembaring in active life, this has exercised the conjectures of many. The following one was received above a month ago, if not as a very probable one, at least not as an absolute impossibility.

It has been suggested that the confederates of Poland, by the advice of the powers who abet their cause against their present King, whom they consider as too much devoted and subjected to the Russians, had determined to have a head of their own choosing, and had for that purpose pitched on the Chevalier, not only upon the recommendation of the House of Bourbon and of other Papal powers, but also on that of his defence from their darling hero John Sobieski, whose memory is still in the highest veneration in Poland. To declare this election, it is pretended that they only wait for the greater majority of their plan, when the confederates shall have gathered more strength, and the country is less awed by the Russians, the calling in of whom has rendered an excellent cause at least a very unpopular one, the means of supporting it being in general odious to the Polish nation, whose great men cannot bear being dragged into even a right measure. Much then of the accomplishment of their project, that is to say if there ever was such a project, depends on the success of the Turks. In the mean while, as religion is made the pretext of the present troubles in Poland, the Pope, who is moreover a creature of the House of Bourbon, may even officially not be sorry to see the maintenance of the interests of the Romish church place a crown on the head of the grandson, whose grandfather had lost a crown by his stupid bigotry to that religion.

This conjecture may be false and groundless, but in these times any improbability is it is but a reason the more for not utterly rejecting it. How many predictions of events have been laughed at for their striking absurdity, which have nevertheless been verified, through the neglect occasioned by that very derision!

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

This seems to be the happy crisis for restoring Magna Charta to its pristine and full vigour, and it is the interest, as well as the special, and, strictly speaking, the indispensable duty of every English Gentleman, who has an estate to which is annexed the jurisdiction of a Court Baron, to insist upon, and enforce, the restoration of that glorious constitution; for by virtue of such an estate in fee he is summonable to Parliament as a landlord, or Lord of the land. The Crown also is compellable to summon every such Lord of the Land to Parliament, *separatim*; that is to say, one by one. Any five and twenty of these English Lords of the land may demand, and command, this happy restoration of their chartered rights, by deposing four out of that number to wait upon the King for that purpose. There is no positive act of Parliament to the contrary, and the mode of application is perfectly constitutional. Is it not then a species of insanity that country Gentlemen will put themselves to such intolerable expenses to be elected into Parliament, when, in right of their own estates in fee, they are entitled to a seat in Parliament, without any election at all? No Minister dares advise the Crown to refuse granting such a petition of right.

EDINBURGH, July 1. Wednesday last, as some masons and labouring men were carrying up heavy stones to a scaffold at the south end of Bridge street here, the supporters gave way and the men with the stones fell to the ground, whereby they were so much bruised that their lives are despaired of. Two of the men were carried to the Royal infirmary, and the other two were carried to their own houses.

On Thursday last the Reverend Mr. Rogaine, lecturer at St. Dunstan's in the west, London, preached to a very crowded audience in the college church here.

GLASGOW, June 24. The trial made in this neighbourhood of raising fine flax after the Flanders method is likely to answer extremely well, and much beyond expectation.

Last week the Right Hon. the Countess of Waldegrave arrived at the palace of Hamilton, from London.

Lord Mount Stewart, eldest son to the Right Hon. the Earl of Butz, passed through here on Saturday last, in his way to the island of Butz, where we hear his Lordship proposes residing during part of the summer.

BOSTON, August 21.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in London to his friend in Boston, June 19.

I HOPE the prudence of America will not decline, or their noble spirit subside, in consequence of the flimsy promises of a wicked Administration, who favour your liberties no farther than necessity obliges them. You may look upon the troubles and grievances of this country to be so many symptoms of relief for America, which must finally rise with the recovered liberties of England, or prove a happy system for every virtuous man who lives to see slavery absolutely triumphant. There are still many independent men here, who will struggle hard to save this glorious country; and the Society of the Bill of Rights men are too seriously engaged, and too respectable, to be treated with neglect by friends or enemies. Nothing has so terrified Administration as our plan for associations through every county, and industry to bring about a reformation through the whole kingdom puzzles those wretched state sycophants most inextricably. Your friends express the highest approbation of your spirited conduct, and wish you may not recede from your noble purposes until your grievances are all totally removed, and your constitution, though now broken, irrecoverably fixed and finally secured. Let not promises and flattery stop your progress, for your firmness may perhaps not only save you but Great Britain also.

Last Saturday General Mackay sailed for London, in the brigantine commanded by Captain Bartlett. Though the sending the troops in this town, considering the errand they came on, was a measure not founded in reason, and

as disgusting as unreasonable, justice, however, requires us to say that General Mackay's command of the troops has given universal satisfaction, and with pleasure we take this opportunity to acknowledge his merit, both as a Gentleman and an officer. He was saluted from Castle William with 23 guns.

The town and trade were no less happy in Commodore Hood, commanding officer of the ships of war lately here. This business was the more extraordinary, considering the animosity of the Nettleham Baronet and his associates to impress the General and Commodore with disadvantageous ideas of the town and province, both which the Baronet, and his fellow labourers the Commissioners, have done all in their power (but, thanks to God, in factually) to ruin.

In Captain Bartlett also went passengers Lieutenant Colonel Roberts, of the 65th, and several other officers. The command of the troops now in this town devolves upon Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple.

NEW YORK, September 7.

Extra of a LETTER.

UPON the best information, I find that the capital people here do not choose to import under the present circumstances. It is said, with some degree of authority, that the present Ministry do intend, in the next session of Parliament, to repeal those acts of which the Americans complain; but how to reconcile this measure with the King's speech, and their proceedings in the last session, I am at a loss. Nevertheless I am firmly of opinion that the dispute will be settled, and to the satisfaction of America, if America is to be satisfied. I am the more confirmed in this opinion, from the temper and complexion of the present times. The current of opposition runs so strong that I believe the contest here will be in future whosoever shall, right or wrong, give most to popularity. It is confidently laid that the Ministry have sent over intimations of their intention to repeal, and that in consequence of this there will be a general shipping before it is long. If this should be the case, be assured I will do every thing in my power to be with the first ship, for I am warmly interested in your success.

"I imagine you will expect from me the news and politics of the day. With respect to the first, the Court of Aldermen, by a majority of one, have accepted for W. Blackiston's resignation; and James Townsend, Esq. a Member of Parliament, and one of our greatest patriots, puts up for Alderman in his room, and is expected to be chosen without opposition. Indeed it is not for men, however able and worthy, to contend with a popular cry. Sawbridge and he are to be put up on Saturday next for Sheriffs, and I dare say will be chosen without opposition. Strange! that Members of Parliament should clutter themselves into the offices of the city, without having the least connexion in the trade, which is the support and glory of the city; but party is the cause, and party supports their pretensions. I need not tell you that the low and ignominious, who are by far the most numerous, are always on the side of liberty, or at least on the side of those who pretend themselves its friends. It is of little consequence what their real principles are, if this idea obtains with the mob. *Roll of the church warden, and you are sure of having the power in your side*, is an observation that will in general hold good for politicians. But I am upon the subject before I was aware; to go on then. On one side the Ministry abused and painted as black as devils, on the other side defended and made as white as angels (alluding to prints sold in the shops.) Truth dwells not in extremes. *Willis and Liberty for ever. Dunn Lattrell. Murderers encouraged. Tyranny established. Petitions of grievances and addresses to the King, &c. &c. &c.* Throwing the changes, and yet, if we may credit the history of past times, there never was an era when there was more liberty than at present. I am sure there cannot be a stronger proof of the existence of liberty than the liberties that are taken, and that with impunity. There is great liberty shown by Government, and I think it is right there should, to give the lie to scandal and abuse. For my part, I interfere very little in the disputes of the times."

WILLIAMSBURG, Sept. 2.

JUST as our paper was printed off we received notice that Captain Lambley, in the Aldborough, is safe arrived in York river.

We have also heard of the following elections, viz. For CUMBERLAND, M^{rs}. JOHN MAY and ALEXANDER TRENT. For GOOCHLAND, M^{rs}. JOHN WOODSON and THOMAS MANN. For HANOVER, M^{rs}. WILLIAM BROWN, jun. and PATRICK HENRY, jun. For JAMES ANNE, M^{rs}. JOHN A. KISS and EDWARD RACE. For MIDDLEBURY, M^{rs}. JOHN B. MOSELEY, jun. For SURREY, M^{rs}. THOMAS BAILEY and HARTWELL COOPER.

On the 14th of August last, the day of the anniversary of the firm combined Association of the True Sons of Liberty in New England, the four assemblies in Liberty Town, Boston, and after drinking thirteen loyal and patriotic toasts, gave the following: "May the 14th of August be the annual 'Jubilee of Americans, until time shall be no more.' They afterwards repaired to Liberty Tree tavern in Dorchester, and to the number of 300 dined under a tent pitched for the purpose. During the entertainment a variety of colours were flying, music played, and at proper intervals cannon were fired. After dinner a great many loyal and patriotic toasts were given out, and by order of the day, excepting the first (an indispensable bumper) drank as moderately as each Gentleman inclined. One of them was, 'That firm and intrepid band of patriots the BURGESSES of VIRGINIA,' under a discharge of cannon, and three cheers.

Chaired from the upper district of James river.

August 24. Industry, Edward Travis, for Madeira, with 3449 bushels of corn, 40 bushels of wheat, 57 barrels of bread, 60 barrels of flower, 37 pieces of plank, and 614 staves.

25. Trimly, William Power, for London, with 123 hds of tobacco, 10 hds. of skins, 1 hhd. of snakeroot, 6 casks of Madeira wine, 25 tons of pig iron, and 10,000 staves.